Period Four

1800-1848

Below you will find the three key concepts for this period of study. Please read through them and then look at the letters with the specific items that fall under that particular key concept. **Elaborate on each of these events and explain them in your own words by connecting them back to the key concept.** It is ok to brainstorm and discuss with another student, but make sure this is **ALL in your own words.**

\*\* THIS SHOULD BE PRINTED AND BROUGHT TO CLASS FOR REVIEW ON THURSDAY

Key Concept 4.1 The United States began to develop a modern democracy and celebrated a new national culture, while Americans sought to define the nation’s democratic ideals and change their society and institutions to match them.

1. New religious and intellectual movements
2. Americans formed new voluntary organizations focusing on improving society and REFORM. Ex. Temperance
3. Abolition leaders, writing, and movements
4. A woman’s rights movement in Seneca Falls, New York where women sought to create greater equality and opportunities.

Key Concept 4.2 Innovations in technology, agriculture, and commerce powerfully accelerated the American economy, precipitating profound changes to the U.S. society and to national and regional identities.

1. Manufacture of goods became more organized. Ex: American System of Manufacturing (Ch. 11)
2. How did Innovations such as textile machinery, steam engines, interchangeable parts, the telegraph, and agricultural inventions increase the efficiency of production methods?
3. Henry Clay’s American System IE: Railroads, Canals
4. Urbanization and factory work impact on all genders and ages
5. Rise in prosperity and evidence of this. Ex: New leisure activities
6. The differences between the economy and social aspects of the North East, West, and South in Antebellum America

Key Concept 4.3 The U.S. interest in increasing foreign trade and expanding its national borders shaped the nation’s foreign policy and spurred government and private institutions.

1. Monroe Doctrine
2. Federal efforts to control and relocate American Indian populations
3. Over cultivation of land
4. Missouri Compromise